
**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549**

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT

**Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934**

Date of report (Date of earliest event reported): **September 17, 2015**

ADVAXIS, INC.

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Charter)

Delaware
(State or Other Jurisdiction
of Incorporation)

000-28489
(Commission
File Number)

02-0563870
(IRS Employer
Identification No.)

**305 College Road East
Princeton, New Jersey, 08540**
(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

(609) 452-9813
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions:

- Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act.
 - Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act.
 - Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2b under the Exchange Act.
 - Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act.
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Item 7.01 Regulation FD Disclosure.

A copy of the press release of Advaxis, Inc. (the "Company") dated September 17, 2015 relating to the announcement discussed in Item 8.01 below is attached hereto as Exhibit 99.1.

The information furnished pursuant to this Item 7.01, including Exhibit 99.1, shall not be deemed "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act") or otherwise subject to the liabilities under that Section and shall not be deemed to be incorporated by reference into any filing of the Company under the Securities Act of 1933 or the Exchange Act, except as shall be expressly set forth by specific reference in such filing.

Item 8.01 Other Events.

On September 17, 2015, the Company announced clinical data from Stage 1 of an ongoing two-stage Phase 2 study (GOG-0265) of the Company's lead *Lm* Technology™ immunotherapy, axalimogene filolisbac (ADXS-HPV), in patients with persistent or recurrent metastatic (squamous or non-squamous cell) carcinoma of the cervix (PRmCC) who have progressed on at least one prior line of systemic therapy.

Item 9.01. Financial Statements and Exhibits.

(d) Exhibits.

The following exhibit is furnished as a part of this report

99.1 Press Release dated September 17, 2015.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

ADVAXIS, INC.
(Registrant)

By: */s/ Daniel J. O'Connor*

Daniel J. O'Connor
President and Chief Executive Officer

Date: September 17, 2015

INDEX TO EXHIBITS

Exhibit Number	Description
99.1	Press Release dated September 17, 2015.



Advaxis's Axalimogene Filolisbac (ADXS-HPV) Showed 38.5 Percent 12-Month Survival in Patients with Persistent/Recurrent Metastatic Cervical Cancer

Data from Stage 1 of a Phase 2 study conducted by GOG presented at AGOS 2015

*Advaxis to host conference call today, September 17, at 4:30 p.m. ET,
to discuss Stage 1 data*

PRINCETON, N.J., September 17, 2015 — **Advaxis, Inc.** (NASDAQ:ADXS), a clinical-stage biotechnology company developing cancer immunotherapies, and the Gynecologic Oncology Group (GOG, now part of NRG Oncology), today announced clinical data from Stage 1 of an ongoing two-stage Phase 2 study (GOG-0265) of Advaxis's lead *Lm* Technology™ immunotherapy, axalimogene filolisbac (ADXS-HPV), in patients with persistent or recurrent metastatic (squamous or non-squamous cell) carcinoma of the cervix (PRmCC) who have progressed on at least one prior line of systemic therapy. The Stage 1 data showed that treatment with axalimogene filolisbac resulted in a 38.5 percent 12-month overall survival rate in 26 patients.

Evaluation of safety data showed that Grade 1 or 2 adverse events occurred in 19 out of 26 patients (73 percent), with fatigue, chills and fever being the most common. Four patients (15 percent) experienced a Grade 3 adverse event (hypotension and cytokine release syndrome) and one patient (4 percent) experienced a Grade 4 adverse event (lung infection and sepsis). The results were presented at the American Gynecological & Obstetrical Society (AGOS) annual meeting in Half Moon Bay, Calif. by Tom Herzog, M.D., Clinical Director at the University of Cincinnati Cancer Institute.

"Patients with PRmCC who have failed at least one line of therapy face a life threatening condition with an estimated survival of 4 to 7 months and no available treatment options," said Dr. Herzog. "The Stage 1 results for axalimogene filolisbac, which show 12-month survival, are a meaningful step forward in meeting the needs of women who require second-line treatment for PRmCC."

The GOG has conducted over 17 studies of a diverse set of investigational agents and regimens, but never has the 12-month overall survival rate exceeded 30 percent in people with PRmCC. Stage 2 of the GOG-0265 study is currently enrolling and the protocol has been amended by GOG to allow for continuous cycles of treatment until disease recurrence (the Stage 1 protocol provided for 3 doses of axalimogene filolisbac over 3 months).

“The axalimogene filolisbac data presented at AGOS by the GOG and Dr. Herzog represent some of the most encouraging Phase 2 data to date in metastatic cervical cancer and supports the results previously observed in Advaxis’s own Phase 2 study,” said Daniel J. O’Connor, President and Chief Executive Officer of Advaxis. “Advaxis is grateful to NRG Oncology and the GOG for having the foresight several years ago to design, sponsor and conduct this study.”

Advaxis has submitted a Special Protocol Assessment (SPA) request to the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) for a Phase 3 study evaluating the safety and efficacy of axalimogene filolisbac in high-risk, locally advanced cervical cancer (HRLACC). The SPA review process remains ongoing. The planned Phase 3 trial will be conducted in collaboration with the GOG Foundation, Inc. and is intended to begin enrollment by the end of 2015, depending on the length of the FDA’s SPA review process.

A completed randomized Phase 2 trial of axalimogene filolisbac with or without cisplatin chemotherapy in Indian patients with PRmCC (0-2 prior lines of therapy) also demonstrated promising activity (12-month overall survival rate of 32 percent) and acceptable tolerability with chills and flu-like symptoms the most common treatment-related adverse events. Results from this trial were featured in a poster at the American Society of Clinical Oncology (ASCO) annual meeting in 2014.

Business Update & Webcast

Advaxis will hold a business update conference call today, September 17, at 4:30 p.m. ET / 1:30 p.m. PT to provide Advaxis investors and stakeholders with a review of the Stage 1 clinical data from the GOG-0265 study presented at AGOS 2015. Dr. Herzog will be the featured presenter on the call.

A live broadcast of the conference call will be available by direct dial at 1-888-364-3109 in the U.S. or 1-719-325-2455 outside of the U.S.; Conference Passcode 2197270, or by live webcast available online at this URL: <http://public.viavid.com/index.php?id=116099>.

The call will be recorded and available for playback through October 1 by dialing 1-877-870-5176 in the U.S. and 1-858-384-5517 outside of the U.S.; Replay Passcode 2197270. In addition, the webcast will be available for replay at the URL above.

About the GOG-0265 Study

GOG-0265 is an open-label, single-arm, two-stage Phase 2 study designed to evaluate the safety, tolerability and efficacy of axalimogene filolisbac in approximately 67 patients with PRmCC who have received at least one prior line of systemic therapy. The primary efficacy endpoint is 12-month overall survival rate, with secondary efficacy endpoints of progression-free survival, overall survival and objective tumor response. The primary safety endpoints are the number of patients with dose-limiting toxicities and the frequency and severity of adverse effects.

The trial is being conducted in the United States by GOG, now part of NRG Oncology, under the sponsorship of the Cancer Therapy Evaluation Program (CTEP) of the National Cancer Institute (NCI). Further information about the study can be found on ClinicalTrials.gov, using Identifier NCT01266460.

About Cervical Cancer

Cervical cancer is the fourth most common cancer and the most common cause of mortality in women worldwide. In the United States, nearly 13,000 new cases are diagnosed and approximately 4,100 deaths are reported because of cervical cancer. According to the WHO/ICO Information Centre on HPV and Cervical Cancer, about 3.9 percent of women in the U.S. are estimated to harbor high-risk cervical HPV infection at a given time, and 71.7 percent of invasive cervical cancers are attributed to high-risk HPV strains.

About Axalimogene Filolisbac

Axalimogene filolisbac (ADXS-HPV) is Advaxis's lead *Lm* Technology™ immunotherapy candidate for the treatment of HPV-associated cancers and is in clinical trials for three potential indications: invasive cervical cancer, head and neck cancer, and anal cancer. In a completed randomized Phase 2 study in recurrent/refractory cervical cancer, axalimogene filolisbac showed apparent prolonged survival, objective tumor responses, and a manageable safety profile alone or in combination with chemotherapy, supporting further development of the company's *Lm* Technology™.

About the Gynecologic Oncology Group

The Gynecologic Oncology Group (GOG), now part of NRG Oncology, is a non-profit international organization with the purpose of promoting excellence in the quality and integrity of clinical and basic scientific research in the field of gynecologic malignancies. The GOG is committed to maintaining the highest standards in clinical trials development, execution, analysis and distribution of results. Continuous evaluation of its processes is utilized in order to constantly improve the quality of patient care. The GOG conducts clinical trials for patients with a variety of gynecologic malignancies, including cancers that arise from the ovaries, uterus, cervix, vagina and vulva. General information on many of these trials for medical professionals and the lay public can be obtained from ClinicalTrials.gov.

NRG Oncology is one of four adult cooperative groups funded under the newly structured NCI National Clinical Trials Network. NRG Oncology is comprised of three legacy cooperative groups, the National Surgical Adjuvant Breast and Bowel Project (NSABP), the Radiation Therapy Oncology Group (RTOG), and the Gynecologic Oncology Group (GOG).

About GOG Foundation, Inc.

The GOG Foundation, Inc. is an independent international non-profit organization with the purpose of promoting excellence in the quality and integrity of clinical and basic scientific research in the field of gynecologic malignancies. The GOG Foundation is committed to maintaining the highest standards in clinical trials development, execution, analysis and distribution of results. Continuous evaluation of our processes is utilized in order to constantly improve the quality of patient care. The GOG Foundation conducts clinical trials for patients with a variety of gynecologic malignancies, including cancers that arise from the ovaries, uterus, cervix, vagina, and vulva. The GOG Foundation is a separate entity from the National Clinical Trials Network groups that are funded by the National Cancer Institute.

About Advaxis, Inc.

Located in Princeton, N.J., Advaxis, Inc. is a clinical-stage biotechnology company developing multiple cancer immunotherapies based on its proprietary *Lm* Technology™. The *Lm* Technology™, using bioengineered live attenuated *Listeria monocytogenes (Lm)* bacteria, is the only known cancer immunotherapy agent shown in preclinical studies to both generate cancer fighting T-cells directed against a cancer antigen and neutralize Tregs and myeloid-derived suppressor cells (MDSCs) that protect the tumor microenvironment from immunologic attack and contribute to tumor growth. Advaxis's lead *Lm* Technology™ immunotherapy, axalimogene filolisbac, targets human papillomavirus (HPV)-associated cancers and is in clinical trials for three potential indications: Phase 2 in invasive cervical cancer, Phase 1/2 in head and neck cancer, and Phase 1/2 in anal cancer. The U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) has granted axalimogene filolisbac orphan drug designation for each of these three clinical settings. For additional information on Advaxis, visit www.advaxis.com and connect on [Twitter](#), [LinkedIn](#), [Facebook](#), [YouTube](#) and [Google+](#).

Forward-Looking Statements

This media statement contains forward-looking statements, including, but not limited to: statements regarding Advaxis's ability to develop the next generation of cancer immunotherapies; and the safety and efficacy of Advaxis's proprietary immunotherapy, axalimogene filolisbac. These forward-looking statements are subject to a number of risks, including the risk factors set forth from time to time in Advaxis's SEC filings, including but not limited to its report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended October 31, 2014, which is available at <http://www.sec.gov>. Advaxis undertakes no obligation to publicly release the result of any revision to these forward-looking statements, which may be made to reflect the events or circumstances after the date hereof or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events, except as required by law. You are cautioned not to place undue reliance on any forward-looking statements.

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